四川省对口升学(职 教 高 考) 英语历年真题汇编

(2022-2024)

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四川省 2022 年普通高校对口招生统一考试

英语 试题卷

本试题卷分第I卷(共两部分)和第Ⅱ卷(共三节)。第I卷 1-10 页,第Ⅱ卷 11-12 页,共 12 页。考生作答时,须将答案答在答题卡上,在本试题卷、草稿纸上答题无效。满分 100 分。考试时间 120 分钟。考试结束后,将本试题卷、答题卡和草稿纸一并交回。

第I卷(共两部分 满分70分)

注意事项:

- 1. 必须使用 2B 铅笔在答题卡上将所选答案对应的标号涂黑。
- 2. 第I卷共两部分,满分70分,

第一部分 英语知识运用(共两节;满分30分)

第一节单项选择(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)从A、B、C、D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

| 白处的最佳选项。 | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| 1. —You look great in | that pink dress. | Y29 | |
| <u>-</u> | | 0 | |
| A. Where did you buy | it? | B. You're welcom . | 40 |
| C. Thank you. | | D. Enjoy yourself. | . 1. |
| 2. I had big l | unch at my friend's yester | rday. | 7/ |
| A. a | B. an | 25c./ | D. the |
| 3. Up to now, no one ex | | the possible danger. | |
| A. have realized | B. has realized | C. is realizing | D. are realizing |
| 4. John, you should lea | rn to behaveat | the dinner party. | |
| A. you | B. yours | C. yourself | D. yourselves |
| 5. Do you know that th | e concert is scheduled | the evening of August 5? | |
| A. on | B. in | C. at | D. of |
| 6. Do be more careful i | next time, you? | | |
| A. don't | B. aren't | C. do | D. will |
| 7terribl | e weather we've been hav | ing these days! | |
| A. How a | B. What a | C. How | D. What |
| 8. —Would you like to | now, sir? | | |
| -A glass of orange jui | ce and a beef sandwich, p | lease. | |

| A. pay | B. drink | C. leave | D. order |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 9. Do you know | ? | | |
| A. where does Sally live | | B. where Sally lives | |
| C. where lives Sally | | D. Sally lives where | |
| 10 Tony often helps his cla | assmates he is very | busy. | |
| A. if | B. when | C. since | D! though |
| 11. It's no use al | I the time. | | |
| A. complaining | B. complained | C. to complain | D. complain |
| 12. Every morning I eat all | the breakfast food | is prepared by Mom. | |
| A. what | B. which | C. that | D. as |
| 13. I'm truly for | what you ve done for me. | | |
| A. welcome | B. grateful | C. pleasant | D. willing |
| 14. My neighbor often | my home and children | n while I'm away. | |
| A. looks for | NY. | C. looks at | D. looks into |
| 15haveta deals | with the situation. | 0 | |
| A. Only knows Mary | with the situation. | 1ary knows | |
| C. Only does Mary know | | D. Only Mary knows | -1-1 |
| 第二节 语言应用(共) | 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满 | 6分 15 分) | -// |
| Part A 根据下列图片所 | f提供的信息,从 16~22 题 | 所给的三个选项(A、B、C |)中,选出最 佳选 项。 |
| 16. If you d like to visit St | ar of India, you should | XX | |
| Cruise S Star of M MUK Pro | of Content Art Idero hip Terminal | ucation for Pror | hotion |

B. turn right

A. turn left

17. We can infer from the sign that the library

C. go straight ahead



LIBRARY CLOSED

Moon Township Public Library is currently closed.

We will let you know when we reopen.

Thank you for your patience.



- A. is closed only today
- B. stands close to Township
- C. might be under repair

18. What's the lowest temperature next Saturday?

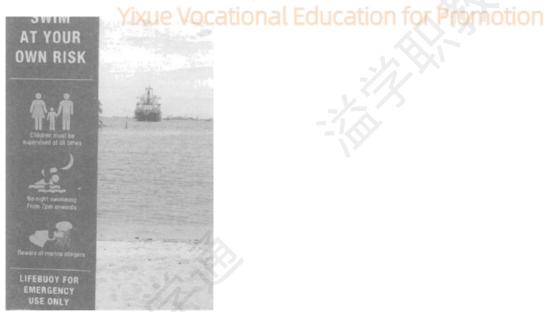




A. 20°.

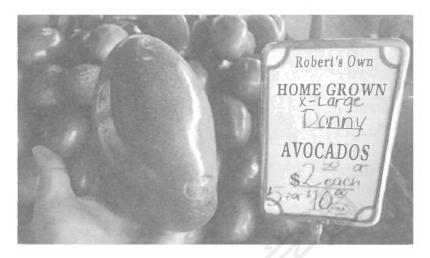
B. 17°.

19. The notice is meant to remind



- A. swimming lovers
- B. emergency lifeguards
- C. marine stingers

20. How much do you have to pay if you buy four?



A. \$2.50 B. \$10.00 C. \$12.50

21. What does the sign suggest?



- A. Most items are sold at \$1.50.
- B. Each item is marked at \$1:50.
- C. All items are sold at \$1.50.
- 22. Where are you most likely to see this?



A. In a classroom

B. On a bus.

C. By a lake.



10 minutes

Museum Station

12 minutes

St James Station

14 ninutes

Circular Quay

18 minutes

Wynyard Station

20 minutes

Town Hall Station

22 minutes

Kings Cross (dayers Comra)

27 minutes

North Sydney (change at Control)

30 minutes

Monday to Friday

Between Sam to midnly

250 daily train services

Saturday & Sunday Batween Sum and midnight

150 daily train services

Please take a train information brochure

www.airportlink.com.au

- 23. How long does it take to go from Museum Station to Town Hall Station?
- A. 10 minutes.

B. 12minutes.

C. 22minutes

- 24. Which day has the most daily train services?
- A Wednesday.

B. Saturday.

C. Sunday.

- 25. Which of the following is true?
- A. The brochure is only for foreign visitors.
- 3. The train services work about 19 hours a day.
- C. There are eight stations along the Airport Link.

阅读理解(5篇短文,共20小题;每小题2分,满分40分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Dear friends,

We are having a party to celebrate our new school year. The party is on October 2, from 3-5 PM. It is going to be at Carla's Cafe. We are going to play games, sing and dance. After that, we are going to eat dinner. Carla's has great food!

Here are the directions from Lake School to Carla's Cafe. First, turn right on Marconi Drive from the parking lot of the school. Stay on Marconi until the first traffic light, then turn right again. This is Lee Boulevard. Turn left at the corner of Lee Boulevard and Main Street. Stay on it for a mile. At Grand Park, Main Street changes to Canal Street. You should stay on Canal Street for twelve blocks. Finally, stop when you get to 3904 Canal Street. This is the Cafe. It is blue and white.

Please call and tell us if you can come to the party by September 15. My phone number is 555-7848. I really hope you can all come!

See you soon.

Avri

- 26. What kind of party are they planning?
- A. A new school year party.
- C. A New Year party.
- 27. Where is Carla's Cafe?
- A. On Marconi Drive
- C. On Main Street
- # ALLE

28. Avri is most probably

- A. the manager of Carla's Cafe
- C. a student
- 29. When should you call Avri if you have decided to go to the party?
- A. Before October 2.
- at: Beleic Cettecel 2:
- C. Before September 5.

B. A dance party.

D. A dinner party.

B. On Canal Street.

D. On Lee Boulevard

B. the headmaster of Lake School

s. the headmaster of Edito Sensor

B. Before October3.

D. Before September 15.

В

When Charley awoke one morning, he looked from the window and saw the ground deeply covered with snow. On the side of the house nearest to the kitchen, the snow was piled (堆积) higher than Charley's head.

"We need a path through this snow," said his father. "I would make one if I had time, but I must be at the office early this morning. Do you think you could make the path, son?" he asked little Charley.

"Me? The snow is higher than my head! How could I ever make a path through that snow?"

"How? By doing it little by little. How about you try?" said his father as he left for his office.

So Charley got the snow shovel (党) and set to work. He threw up first one shovelful and then another; but it was slow work

"I don't think I can do it, Mom," he said. "A shovelful is so little, and there is such a large pile of snow."

"Little by little, Charley," repeated his mother. "That snow fell in tiny bits, but you see what a great pile it has made."

"Yes, Mom, I see," said Charley. "If I throw it away little by little, it will soon be gone."

So he worked on.

When his father came home to dinner, he was pleased to see the fine path. The next day he gave little Charley a fine sled (雪橇). Painted on it in yellow letters was "Little by Little".

- 30. What did Charley see when he woke up?
- A. The ground was full of deep snow.
- C. His father was leaving for his office.
- 31. Why did the father not make the path himself?

33. Which could be the best title for this passage?

- A. He had no problem going out.
- C. He was going to buy a sled.
- 32. Why did Charley finally succeed in making the path?
- A. His mother helped shovel the snow.
- C. It stopped snowing that day.
- A. Little by Little
- C. A Heavy Snow

- B. His mother was cooking in the kitchen.
- D. It was snowing heavily.
- B. He had to go to work that morning
- D. He found it too boring to make it.
- B. He wanted the fine sled.
- D. His mother encouraged him.
- B. Charley and His Father
- D. A Fine Sled

 \mathbf{C}

A mother told me this story: Her two children, Josh, aged 7, and Heather, aged 5, were playing outside the house. After a few minutes, Heather came running into the house with tears on her face.

"Josh yelled (吼叫) at me and called me names" she cried. Josh, who was close behind, said, "Well, you were acting like a fool!" The woman comforted Heather and then turned to Josh. "Josh, I want you to tell Heather you're sorry for yelling at her. If you don't like something Heather's doing, all you have to do is tell her. There's no need for yelling or name-calling. I want you to apologize to her."

Josh looked up at her and said, "Well, you never apologize when you yell at me."

The woman sat <u>dumbstruck</u>. Her son was right. She did yell at her kids (even though she was trying not to) and she didn't apologize to them. She took Josh and Heather by the hands and told them, "You're right, Josh. I do

yell and I don't apologize. I want you both to know that I am sorry I yell at you. I know it must hurt your feelings and I'm trying to stop. I'm going to try to do better."

Josh smiled, "That's okay, Mom. We all make mistakes." Then he turned to Heather and said, "I'm sorry I yelled at you, Heather. You're not a fool. You're just a little kid."

Moved with emotion, Heather gave her mother a big hug and said, "I love you, Mom." Then she turned to Josh and said, "I love you too, Josh, even though you are rude to me sometimes."

34. Why did Heather cry?

A. Josh refused to play with her.

B. Josh acted like a fool.

C. Josh shouted at her. D. Josh fooled her.

35. Who said sorry first?

A. The author. B. The mother. C. Josh. D. Heather.

36. The underlined word "dumbstruck" in paragraph 3 probably means

A. shocked and unable to speak

B. pleased and eager to speak

C. sad and angry D. quiet and happy

37. The story tells us that

A. brothers should take care of sisters

B. parents should be models for children

D. family members should help each other

C. males should respect females

D

The organization of our housing can be a mirror of our cultural requirements for space. British culture, for example, separates rooms into different uses so that people have the kitchen for cooking in, the dining room for eating in and the bedroom for sleeping in. They're very protective of individual spaces and love to have their own bedrooms, their own chairs and their own secret drawers. This is very different in other cultures.

Jamaican houses usually have a big back yard and a front garden. People play a lot outside — more outside than inside. It is almost as if the whole neighborhood was their house or their home, so to speak-they have a big family and they are always into each other's spaces — it is never private.

Arabs don't have much space in public but they love to have big spaces inside their houses. They have large empty rooms with not much furniture because they don't like to be alone — they like to be with each other inside these big spaces.

The Japanese, on the other hand, don't have much physical space — they have very small apartments and houses. But what they do with the space is very clever. The spaces are multifunctional. So during the day they'll have a sitting room where at night they'll remove all the furniture and it becomes a bedroom. The typical Japanese

house is basically one big room — could be the dining area, the living area, the place they entertain (招待) guests and then could be the guestroom or even the bedroom. The old generation hardly really had their own room when they were children — they shared the room, they always stayed with their parents. Parents knew everything.

| 38. The British people like to have | /e | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. small kitchens B. r | nany mirrors | C. private spaces | D. big chairs |
| 39. Jamaican houses | | | |
| A. have much space in public | | B. have many gardens | |
| C. have different back yards | | D. have much private spac | e |
| 40. The Japanese people | | | |
| A. are good at room services | | B. like to be with each other | er inside |
| C. provide no furniture in childre | en's rooms | D. use the same space for o | different purposes |
| 41. What's the main idea of the p | passage? | | |
| A. The design of houses is a wor | k of art. | B. The building of houses | is a long process. |
| C. The use of house space is rela | ted to cu <mark>lture</mark> . |). The size of rooms is base | sed on practical needs. |
| 1/2// | | E | |

Zuogong County is located in southeastern Xizang, China. The whole county has only one middle school, Zuogong County Middle School.

Su Xin is the headmaster of the school. He is from Liangshan, Sichuan Province. His wife, Gan Runmei is also from Sichuan. She is now an English teacher at the school. They both came to Xizang to teach after graduating from university in 2001. In 21 years, the school has changed a lot

When they first came to the school, over a hundred students could only speak Xizang. Su Xin spent a month learning Tibetan and teaching students Putonghua so they could communicate. The farthest town, Bitu, is more than 160 kilometers from the school. In the past, it took students three days to walk to school. "And there was only one teaching building," said Su.

Vith the help of the government, new roads were built and the school's condition has been improved. Now the government provides the students free traffic service from home to school.

After four periods of construction, the school now has 15 school buildings and a standard playground. More parents have come to realize the importance of education, so the number of students in the school has increased to 1,500.

Due to the long distance from home to school most students in Xizang can only go home once a term

Teachers at school need to take care of all aspects of their students' lives. "We are not only the students' teachers, but also their parents," said Gan.

Thus, it is a pity that the couple can't stay with their children and parents back in Sichuan. There are fewer than 100 days in a year for them to be together.

But it is because of a group of people like <u>them</u> spending more time with their students instead of their family that education in remote areas can improve

- 42. What do we know about Gan?
- A. She graduated from university 15 years ago
- B. She helped build the standard playground.
- C. She is the headmaster of the school.
- D. She is an English teacher.
- 43. Why can Su and Gan stay with their family for no more than 100 days a year?
- A. They have to go back home on foot.
- 3. It is too far away for them to go home.
- C. Their children and parents can take care of themselves.
- D. They have to spend more time taking care of their students.
- 44. The underlined word "them" in the last paragraph refers to
- A. Su and Gan

B. Su and Gan's parents and children

C. the students



- 45. This is a
- A. book review
- B. school introduction C. news repo

D. letter of praise

第Ⅱ卷(共三节 满分30分)

注意事项:

- 1. 必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色墨迹签字笔在答题卡上题目所指示的答题区域内作答。
- 2. 第Ⅱ卷共三节,满分30分。

第一节 补全对话(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

阅读下列对话,从所给选项中,选出能够完成对话的最佳选项。选项中有两个多余选项。

(Mary is shopping for a dress. A sales woman helps her pick one out.)

- A: Good morning, ma'am. 46
- B: Yes, I'd like to see one of those dresses
- A: You mean this one?

| B: Yes. <u>47</u> |
|--|
| A: It's silk. |
| B: May I try this one on? |
| A: Certainly48 |
| B: Six. |
| A:49The fitting rooms are over there. |
| (A few minutes later, Mary comes back from the fitting room.) |
| A: How does it fit? |
| B: <u>50_</u> I'll take it. |
| A. Perfectly. |
| B. No problem. |
| C. Here you are. |
| D. What do you want? |
| E. What is it made of? |
| F. What size do you wear? |
| G. Is there anything I can do for you? |
| 第二节 翻译(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分) |
| Part A 请将下面的英语句子翻译成汉语。 |
| 51. Practice makes perfect (英译汉) |
| 52. I speak only when they are ready to hear (英译汉) UCation for Promotion |
| 53. Beijing is the world's first city to have held both the Summer and the Winter Olympic Games. (英译汉) |
| 54. 你锻炼得越多,身体就越强壮, |
| The more you exercise, you will be. |
| 55. 没有我的位置了。所有的座位都被占了。 |
| There is no room for me. All the seats |
| 第三节 书面表达 (满分 15 分) |
| 56. 假如你叫李华。上个月你从某网站购买了三本书,收到后不满意。现在你用英语给该网站写一封邮件 |
| 内容包括: |

| (1) | 1) 书籍存在的问题。 | |
|-----|---|-----|
| (2) | 2) 你的诉求。 | |
| 注 | 注意: | |
| (1) | 1) 词数不少于 80。 | |
| (2) | 2) 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。 | |
| (3) | 3) 文章开头和结尾已为你写好,不计入总词数。 | |
| De | Dear Sir/Madame, | |
| | I'm Li Hua, a regular customer of your website. | |
| | | |
| _ | | |
| | | |
| | 313 | |
| _ | | |
| | JA W 22 | |
| | Thank you. | |
| | | You |

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Li Hua

Yixue Vocational Education for Promotion

四川省 2023 年普通高校对口招生统一考试

英语 试题卷

本试题卷分第 I 卷(共两部分)和第 II 卷(共三节)。第 I 卷 1-10 页,第 II 卷 10-11 页,共 11 页。考生作答时,须将答案答在答题卡上,在本试题卷、草稿纸上答题无效。满分 100 分。考试时间 120 分钟。考试结束后,将本试题卷、答题卡和草稿纸一并交回。

第 I 卷(共两部分 满分 70 分)

注意事项:

- 1. 必须使用 2B 铅笔在答题卡上将所选答案对应的标号涂黑,
- 2. 第 I 卷共两部分,满分 70 分,

第一部分 英语知识运用(共两节;满分30分)

第一节 单项选择(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

从A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,

| 1. Chinese isuse | <mark>ful and importa</mark> nt l <mark>ang</mark> uage in | world. | |
|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
| A. a; the | B. an | C. the; a | D. an; the |
| 2. The train is going quickly | a speed of over 3 | 00 kilometers an houi | 14 |
| A. at | B. in | C. on | D. by |
| 3. — are you stay | ing in the countryside? | | 7/1/ |
| —For more than one week. | :学职基 | 9升学 | IA |
| A. How often | B. How long | C. How much | D. How soon |
| 4. They got much | from those new books. | ucation for Pron | notion |
| A. ideas | B. photos | C. information | D. importance |
| 5. At the foot of the hill | our beautiful stadium | for the 31 World University | Games. |
| A. stand | B. stands | C. stood | D. standing |
| 6. The appearance of Chat C | GPT the way peopl | e learn about things in the fut | ture. |
| A. changes | B. changed | C. has changed | D. will change |
| 7. We find our du | ity to help the countries along | g the Belt and Road. | |
| A. it | B. this | C. that | D. such |
| 8. We must get up early tom | orrow, we'll miss | the first bus. | |
| A. so | B. or | C. and | D. but |
| 9. You're my best friend. I d | lo believe you told | me. | |

| A. if | B. whether | C. that | D. what |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 10. It's impolite to | while others are speaking. | | |
| A. break in | B. break into | C. break out | D. break down |
| 11. You wil never succeed _ | you try hard. | | |
| A. as | B. till | C. while | D. unless |
| 12. Mary,you mi | nd if I open the window? | | |
| A. may | B. shall | C. could | D. would |
| 13. Was it in 2015 | Tu Youyou won the Nobel F | Prize? | |
| A. when | B. why | C. that | D. which |
| 14. Taobao.com is a popular | websitepeople ca | n sell and buy goods easily. | |
| A. how | B. why | C. when | D. where |
| 15 from the top of | of the tower, the whole city lo | oks great. | |
| A. Seeing | B. To see | C. Seen | D. Having seen |
| 第二节 语言应用(共 10 小 | 题;每小题 1. <mark>5 分,满分 15</mark> | (分) | |
| Part A 根据下列图片所提 | 供的信息,从 16~22 题 所 约 | <mark>合的三个选</mark> 项(A、B、C)中, | 选出最佳选项, |

16. From the poster, we know that



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onal Education for Promotion

- A. the BBQ will last 12 hours
- B. the BBQ will be prepared for special guests
- C. the BBQ will not be served on Sunday morning
- 17. How much will you pay if you park your car here for a whole day?



A. \$3.00.

B. \$45.00.

C. \$48. 00.

18. Where can you most probably see this?



A. At a bus stop.

19. What is this

n a supermarket.

C. On a table in a restaurant



e Vocational Education for Promotion

20. If you travel 6 times with the Standard Ticket, you will



A save 10

A. A ticket.

B. spend 10 ¢ more

B. An invitation.

C. pay 10 ¢ only

C. An advertisement.

21. If you buy a WEIHENSTEPHAN, you can get another _____ for free.



A. SOMERSBY

B. HOEGAARDEN

C. WEIHENSTEPHAN

22. On which day is BUSINESS HOURS the longest?



A. On Tuesday.

B. On Saturday

C. On Sunday

Part B 根据下图所提供的信息,从23~25 题所给的三个选项(A、B、C)中面选出最佳选项。



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23. How many people had the meal?

A. One.

B. Three

C. Twenty.

24. Which is the cheapest item according to the Receipt?

A. Plain Rice.

B. Chinese Tra Bag.

C. Home Made Lime Juice.

25. How much was paid in all?

A. 40, 40.

B. 43, 65.

C. 50, 00.

第二部分 阅读理解(5篇短文,共20小题;每小题2分,满分40分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出最佳选项。

Dear Sir.

I am Jennifer, a university student. I am writing to bring to your attention the method of doing business practiced by Devious Enterprises Pte Ltd, of 12 Hasty Street. It is close to my campus.

On Saturday, May 30, I went to the shop and bought a pair of sports shoes. The price I paid was \$145. This is hard-earned money. I was shocked that after I bought and paid the price asked, I saw the same pair of shoes at a shop in Chinatown for \$75. This is only slightly more than half the price of the pair I bought. Immediately I went back to the shop and explained the situation. I told the owner what I had seen. I demanded that he take back the shoes and return my money. He just laughed at me and told me to "get lost".

I am writing to you as I believed that you are the body that makes sure that businessmen do their business properly. I would like all my money back in return for the shoes or I am willing to accept the shoes if I get \$70 back. I have not used the pair of shoes and am keeping it in its box. A copy of the receipt is enclosed for your attention.

Thank you for your assistance.

26. How much did Jennifer pay for the shoes?

A. \$30.

B. . \$70

C. \$75

D. \$145.

27. Where did Jennifer buy the shoes?

A. In Hasty Street.

B. On the campus

C. In Chinatown.

im 一斤 4i

D. On a website

28. To whom did Jennifer write the letter?

A. The shop assistant.

B. The shop owner.

C. The person in charge of the market.

D. The head of the university.

29. Why did Jenn fer complain?

A. The price was too high.

B. The owner was unfriendly to her.

C. The shoes were of poor quality.

D. The shoes were not properly packed.

В

Jack was a clever boy, but his parents were farmers and poor, so he had to work during his holidays to pay for his education. In spite of this, he managed to go to university, but it was so expensive to study there that during the holidays he found it necessary to get two jobs at the same time so as to earn money to pay for his studies.

One summer, he managed to get a job in a butcher's shop during the daytime, and another in a hospital at night. In the shop, he learnt to cut meat up quite nicely, so the butcher often left him to do all the serving while she

went into a room behind the shop to do the accounts. In the hospital, on the other hand, he was, of course, allowed to do the simplest jobs, like helping to lift people and to carry them from one part of the hospital to another. Both at the butcher's shop and at the hospital, Jack had to wear white clothes.

One evening at the hospital, Jack had to help to carry a woman from her bed to the place where she was to have an operation. The woman was already feeling frightened at the thought of operation before he came to get her, but when she saw Jack, that finished her.

"No! No!" she cried, "Not my butcher! I won't be operated on by my butcher!" and fainted (晕) away.

30. What do we know about Jack?

A. He was a patient.

B. He was a farmer.

C. He was a doctor. D. He was a student.

31. Why did Jack do two jobs at the same time?

A. He was energetic.

B. He was clever.

C. He had to pay for his university studies.

D. He wanted to help the patients in the hospital.

32. Why did the woman faint away?

A. She thought Jack would do the operation.

B. She was afraid of the operation.

C. She disliked Jack.

D. She was too sick.

33. What is the tone of this passage?

A. Sad. B. Humorous C. Angry. D. Happy

tralia Requiful Week is a week to build awareness about the importance of re

Keep Australia Beautiful Week is a week to build awareness about the importance of reducing litter and ensuring we look after the environment. Lit er is any rubbish such as paper, cans and plastics left on the ground. Litter can be small items like cigarette ends and big items like containers and wrappers from food.

Litter can be dangerous to the environment. Litter on roads can lead to animals leaving their houses to try to eat food on busy roads. Litter is a <u>hazard</u> to animals in the ocean. Sea animals can choke (室息) on litter as they may mistake it for food and try to eat it. Animals can also become trapped in plastic bags. It is therefore extremely important that people reduce the amount of litter that is thrown away.

Keep Australia Beautiful Week aims to teach people about the simple ways everyone can look after the environment and to cut down the amount of rubbish they throw away. It is also a time to teach all Australians about making sure they place rubbish in the box and not on the ground. Keep Australia Beautiful Week is an important time to promote the importance of maintaining a clean, safe environment for animals and people alike.

What can you do to keep Australia beautiful? Make sure you put your rubbish in the box, say no to plastic

bags, have a rubbish-free lunch as often as possible, reuse and recycle things you no longer need, and pick up rubbish if it is safe to do so, ect

- 34. Keep Australia Beautiful Week is a week to
- A. know Australian animals
- B. teach people simple living ways
- C. reuse and recycle litter in Australia
- D. improve people's environmental awareness
- 35. The underlined word 'hazard' in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to
- A. danger
- B. meal

- C. reminder
- D. mistake

- 36. What does the author suggest to keep Australia beautiful?
- A. Maintaining cleaner rubbish boxes.
- B. Increasing the number of animals

C. Collecting any rubbish you see.

- D. Refusing to use plastic bags.
- 37. What is the purpose of the passage?
- A. To describe the environmental situation in Australia.
- B. To introduce Keep Australia Beautiful Week.
- C. To attract more foreign visitors.
- D. To advertise Australia.

D

Marie Curie is a famous scientist who is best known for her discovery of two new radioactive (放射性的) elements. During the First World War, Marie Curie played an important part and it is said that her unbelievable invention helped over one million wounded soldiers.

Marie Curie was born in Poland on November 7, 1867. When she grew older, Marie wanted to go to university and study physics. Unfortunately, at that time women were not allowed to study in Poland, so Marie had to move to France where she was allowed to go to university.

After she had completed a degree in physics, Marie worked together with her husband. During this time, Marie discovered two new elements which had never been heard of before. For her amazing discoveries, Marie Curie became the first woman ever to have won a Nobel Prize. A few years later, Marie went on to win a second Nobel Prize.

At the outbreak of the First World War, Marie noticed that wounded soldiers — especially those with broken bones — recovered better if they were treated quickly. She already had a good understanding of radiation and how it was used to take x-rays, so she decided to put this knowledge to good use. Marie created mobile x-ray machines

which could be used on the front line. This meant that soldiers who had been wounded could be treated a lot more quickly. Helped by her 17-year-old daughter, Irene, Marie Curie was able to install 20 mobile x-ray vehicles and 200 x-ray units at field hospitals in the first year of the First World War. These unbelievable machines were named Petites Curie after the amazing lady who created them

38. Which country is Marie Curie's motherland?

A. France. B. Poland. C. Italy. D. Germany.

39. Why did Marie Curie win her first Nobel Prize?

A. She discovered two new elements.

B. She had completed a degree in physics.

C. She helped over one million wounded soldiers

D. She invented unbelievable machines to help others.

40. Who helped Marie Curie to install the x-ray vehicles and units?

A. Her husband.

B. Her daughter.

C. Petites Curie. D. Wounded soldiers.

41. What can be a suitable title for the text?

A. X-ray Machines

B. The Nobel Prizes

C. Marie Curie D. The First World War

F

The First Northeast Asia Cultural and Art Exposition kicked off in Harbin City, Hellongjiang Province. Cultural organizations and factories from Russia, South Korea, Japan, Mongolia, North Korea and 15 other countries and regions brought their products to Chinese visitors. The Exportuns until May 10, stressing new products, techniques, art and creative designs.

It includes eight main exhibition areas, with many wonderful artworks and products. For example, the "Culture + Art" area displays Russian 5D oil paintings and other works created by more than 1, 000 Russian experts in the art field. Mongolian leather paintings, North Korean oil paintings and other artworks are also on display.

At the "Culture + Tourism" area, exhibitors from Japan and Brazil show videos and posters introducing their own countries and cultures to visitors, as well as promote cultural exchanges and other activities to Chinese visitors. Furthermore, some famous tourism producers from Germany and France have been exhibiting their tourism equipment and outdoor products to offer a comfortable travel experience to clients.

Animation (动画) lovers can find many new cartoons, mobile games and animation-related products at the

"Culture + Originality" area. Meanwhile, a lot of technological products and projects, such as VR (虚拟现实) education, fire drill training systems, robots, and etc. are presented in the "Culture + Technology" area.

What's more, this Expo provides a great opportunity for students to learn about some world-famous universities. During the exhibition, staff from Romania's Transilvania University are using VR devices to introduce their university. International and local universities in China's Harbin can attend academic exchanges for the purpose of cooperation and communication during the Expo.

42. How many countries and regions came to attend the Expo?

A. 10.

B. 15.

C. 20.

D. 25.

43. Which area is a cartoon fan most likely to visit?

A. Culture +Art.

B. Culture + Tourism.

C. Culture + Originality.

D. Culture + Technology

44. What did the staff from Transilvania University do in the Expo?

A. They sold VR devices.

B. They displayed oil paintings

C. They exhibited outdoor products.

D. They introduced their university.

45. In which section of a newspaper may this text appear?

A. Sports.

B. Environment.

C. Culture

D. Health.

第Ⅱ卷(共三节 满分30分)

注意事项:

- 1. 必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色墨迹签字笔在答题卡上题目所指示的答题区域内作答。
- 2. 第Ⅱ卷共三节,满分30分。

第一节 补全对话(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

阅读下列对话,从所给选项中,选出能够完成对话的最佳选项。选项中有两个多余选项,

A: Hi, Sam, I'm having a party at my house on November 18.

B: The 18th? Let me check. Sure, I can make it.

A: Great! 47

B: Oh, sounds good! 48

A: No. Just yourself will be OK

B: <u>49</u>

A: I'll give you directions to my house later.

B: Thanks. I'm looking forward to it.

A: Well, I've got to go ___ 50

- B: Yeah. See you
- A. You won't miss it.
- B. I'll talk to you later
- C. Can I bring something?
- D. I'm glad you can come.
- E. Would you like to come?
- F. How can I get to your house?
- G. Mary and Peter will come, too.

第二节 翻译(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

Part A 请将面的语句翻成语。

- 51. Can you give me a hand?(英译汉)
- 52. Think twice before you do. (英译汉)
- 53. I'm writing to invite you to our school music festival to be held this weekend. (英译汉)

Part B 请根据所给中文提示,将下列成英语的句补充完整

54. 我们班三分之二的同学将担任九月杭州亚运会的志愿者。

of our classmates will be volunteers of the Hangzhou Asian Games in September.

55. 张桂梅老师把她所有的钱都花在为学校女生购买生活必需品上。

Ms Zhang Guimei ___ all her money in __ necessities for the girls in her school.

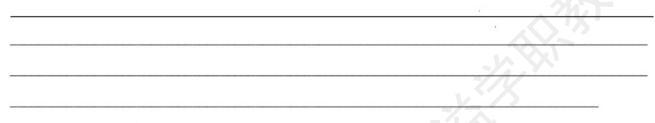
第三节 书面表达(满分 15 分)

- 56. 假如你叫李华,本期你的英语学习进步很大,英语老师请你在值日报告中跟同学们做个经验交流。内容包括: YIXUE VOCational Education for Promotion
- 1. 进步的情况;
- 2. 进步的原因;
- 3. 新的目标,

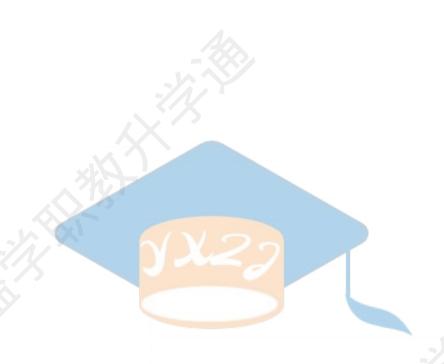
注意:

- 1. 词数 80 左右;
- 2. 可以适当增加细节,使行文连贯;
- 3. 文章开头和结尾已为你写好,不计入总词数。

Good morning, everyone. I'm on duty today.



That's all. Thank you!



溢学职教升学通

Yixue Vocational Education for Promotion

四川省 2024 年普通高校对口招生统一考试

英语 试题卷

本试题卷分第 I 卷和第 II 卷。考生作答时,须将答案答在答题卡上,在本试题卷、草稿纸上答题无效。满分 100 分。考试时间 120 分钟。考试结束后,将本试题卷、答题卡和草稿纸一并交回。

第 [卷(共 70 分)

注意事项:

- 1. 必须使用 2B 铅笔在答题卡上将所选答案对应的标号涂黑,
- 2. 第 I 卷共两部分,满分 70 分。

第一部分 英语知识运用 (共两节; 满分 30 分)

第一节 单项选择 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

| 1. Henry and his wife had | unforgettable journ | ey in China. | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 2. We are proud | our great success in space sc | ence and technology. | |
| A. at | B. of | C. 0 | D:-in |
| 3. It's a goodto | drink a lot of water on hot da | ys | . 1. |
| A. idea | B. chance | C. hobby | D. job |
| 4. If you can't decide which | h of the two books to borrow | , why not take? | iA |
| A. each | B. any | C. all | D. both |
| 5. —Are you going to buy | this computer? Onal Ed | ucation for Pron | notion |
| —No. I will buy that one. | It is than this one. | | |
| A. cheap | B. cheaper | C. the cheaper | D. the cheapest |
| 6. You'd betterl | him with such things. He is ve | ery busy. | |
| A. not trouble | B. not to trouble | C. don't trouble | D. not troubling |
| 7. You ve talked too much | , you haven't come | to the point. | |
| A. or | B. but | C. for | D. so |
| 8. Our communication net | works a lot since th | e end of the twentieth century | y. |
| A. have improved | B. improved | C. improve | D. had improved |
| 9. It's no good | We should find ways to solve | the problem. | |
| A regretted | B regretting | C to regret | D to have regrette |

10. Could you the TV? It's too noisy. C. turn to D. turn down A. turn away B. turn on 11.—Jack, are you attending the meeting tomorrow? —I'm not sure. I _____ be on business in Beijing. A. can B. need C. must D. might 12. I really don't understand they are talking about. A. why B. how C. what D. that 13. _____we went to Beijing last summer, we visited the Great Wall. A. When B. Unless C. Though D. Whether 14. Not only the foreign students but also their teacher _____ interested in Sichuan opera. B. were A. was C. are D. be 15. My grandfather decided to give up smoking, was good news for my family. B. whom C. which A. what D. that 第二节 语言应用 (共10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分) Part A 根据下列图片所提供的信息,从每题所给的 A、B 和 C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项。 16. What is this? 82045213677 13 MEZZ BOX 23 Reg \$244.00 Saturday Evening Door Section Seat Туре Price 8:00 PM The London Philharmonic 13 \$244.00



A. A ticket. B. An invitation C. A poster.

17. How many days is the BUSINESS open a week?

| | A.M. | P.M |
|-----------|--------|------|
| MONDAY | 11:00 | 7:00 |
| TUESDAY | CLOSED | |
| WEDNESDAY | 11:00 | 7:00 |
| THURSDAY | CLOSED | |
| FRIDAY | 10:30 | 7:00 |
| SATURDAY | 10:30 | 7:00 |
| SUNDAY | 10:30 | 7:00 |

A. Two days.

B. Five days.

C. Seven days

18. What is the purpose of the sign?



SLIPPERY CONDITIONS EXIST ON STEPS, SIDEWALKS, STREETS AND PARKING AREAS.

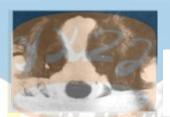
A. To warn.

B. To frighten.

C. To direct.

19. Who probably made the notice?

DOG FOUND



Male Cocker Spaniel found 11:30 AM on Friday, March 11 corner of Wilson and Highland. Approximately six months of age. Mostly white with brown patches and slightly crooked tail. Blue collar but no tags. Very friendly.

- A. The person who lost the dog.
- B. The person who found the dog.
- C. The person who loved the dog.
- 20. On which day will the elevators be closed at 10 PM?

Portsmouth Square Garage

Elevators hours of operation:

Sun-Thu

Closes at 10 PM

Fri & Sat

Closes at 11 PM

Please use stairs to access all other levels

Thank You.

A. On Sunday.

B. On Saturday.

C. On Friday.

21. What is the weather like tonight?



A. Sunny. C. Cloudy.

22. Who is the notice for?



Dear Valued Guests

Ref: SKYBAR CLOSURE

Please note that the Sky Bar, Pool, Spa/Gym area will be temporarily closed on Thursday, 14th of

September from 14:00 pm for a private function.

We sincerely apologize for any inconvenience caused

Yours Sincerely,

Hotel Management

A. The hotel guests.

B. The hotel manager.

C. The hotel staff.

Part B 根据下图所提供的信息,从每题所给的 A、B 和 C 三个选项中,选出最佳选项。



23. How much is it if you want Vegetable pasta, English Tea and Lemon cake?

A. £5.75.

B. £7.10

C. £8.00.

24. How long is Dinner served?

B. 3 hours.

C. 6hours

- 25. What can you learn from the manu?
- A. We can order strawberry ice creams.
- B. Snacks are not served at dinnertime.
- C. Potato salad is offered in Starters.

第二部分 阅读理解 (共 20 分) Cational Education for Promotion

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Dear Sally,

I am very excited to write to you about the long tour. I will be going on along with my parents. We will be leaving from London on the 25th of June.

We will be away for three months. We are going to San Francisco for an official meeting my father has to attend on the 27th. We will then be travelling to New York to visit our cousins. We will stay there for a month. After that, we will be going to Paris. It has always been my dream to visit Paris at least once in my lifetime, and my parents have finally agreed to take me there. I will definitely write to you about my trip — all the different places we visit, the variety of food we eat and the people we meet.

It would be even more special if you could come along with me. We will make sure we plan out a trip once I am back home.

With best wishes,

Jerry

- 26. When is the family going to start their trip?
- A. On the 25th of September.

B. On the 27th of September.

C. On the 25th of June.

D. On the 27th of June.

- 27. What will Jerry do on the trip?
- A. Go to a summer camp

B. Meet with Sally.

C. See his friends.

- D. Visit his cousins.
- 28. Which city does Jerry want to visit most?
- A. New York.
- B. Paris.

- C. London.
- D. San Francisco

- 29. What will Jerry do with Sally after his family trip?
- A. Plan their trip.

B. Repair their house.

C. Attend a meeting.

D. Write a travel book.

В

Many people around the world check how many steps they walk every day. This is because studies suggest that 10,000 steps a day is enough to help us stay healthy and live longer. However, new study says just 4,000 steps a day could be the magic number for us to live well into old age. Researchers from the Johns Hopkins University of Medicine analyzed (分析) 17 studies that looked at how far people walked during the week. The scientists found that 4,000 steps a day reduced the risk of dying from diabetes, cardiovascular diseases and other life-threatening conditions. The leading researcher Dr. Martin said 4,000 steps was about a 30- to 45-minute walk, or about three to four kilometers.

The study is published in the European Journal of Preventive Cardiolgy. The research examined health and exercise data from more than 225,000 adult participants (参与者) worldwide over seven years. They had an average age of 64. Some of them were in good health, while others suffered from heart problems. Dr. Martin found that 4,000 steps was helpful, and that it was a minimum amount. He said, "I wouldn't want people to look at that as a magic number. More is better," He added that walking an additional 1,000 steps a day was linked with a 15 percent lower risk of earlier death. He said people should add at least one walk to their daily routine.

- 30. Why do people care about their everyday walk steps?
- A. They want to win some prizes.

3. Step numbers are related to health.

C. Walking more makes them excited.

D. Daily walk helps them lose weight.

31. From the new study, what is the magic number of steps?

A. 1,000.

B. 4,000.

C. 5,000.

D. 10,000.

32. How did the scientists do the research?

A. By watching how people walk.

B. By testing patients with heart diseases.

C. By interviewing the old adults in good health.

D. By examining the participants' health and exercise data.

33. What did Dr. Martin suggest people do based on the research?

A. Count their exact daily steps.

B. Wa k as fast as possible

C. Listen to music while walking

D. Have a walk every day

C

Amy was a dear little girl, who just started her primary school. She often wasted a long time in getting ready to do her tasks, instead of doing them at once as she ought to.

In the village where she lived, Mr. Thornton ran a store in which he sold fruit of all kinds, including strawberries in their season. One day he said to Amy, "Would you like to earn some money?"

"Oh, yes," replied she, "for I want to buy some new shoes."

"Well, Amy," said Mr. Thornton, "I noticed some fine, ripe strawberries on Mr. Green's farm today, and he said that anybody was welcome to them. I will pay you thirteen cents a kilogram for all you will pick for me."

Amy was delighted at the thought of earning some money; so she ran home to get a basket, intending to go immediately to pick the strawberries. Then she thought she would like to know how much money she would get if she picked five kilograms. With the help of her pencil, she found out that she would get sixty-five cents. "But if I should pick a dozen kilograms," thought she, "how much should 1 earn then?" "Dear me," she said, after figuring a while, "I should earn a dollar and fifty-six cents." Amy then found out how much Mr. Thornton would pay her for fifty, a hundred, and two hundred kilograms. It took her some time to do this, and then it was so near lunch time that she had to stay at home until afternoon.

As soon as lunch was over, she took her basket and hurried to the farm. Some boys had been there before lunch, and all the ripe strawberries were picked. She could find only one kilogram.

As Amy went home, she thought of what her teacher had often told her —"Do your task at once then think about it," for "one doer is worth a hundred dreamers."

34. What did Amy want to buy?

A. Strawberries. B. New shoes. C. A basket. D. A pencil.

35. What do we know about Amy?

A. She was a pupil.

B. She helped sell fruits in a store.

C. She liked strawberries D. She was living on the farm.

36. How much did Amy earn finally?

A. Two dollars. B. A dollar and fifty-six cents.

C. Sixty-five cents.

D. Thirteen cents.

37. What does this story tell us?

A. Save more, waste less.

B. Give more, take less.

C. Do more, dream less.

D. Earn more, spend less.

I

In recent years, Giant Pandas have received great attention in the world. They are considered the most uncommon member of the bear family, and they have been taken out of the endangered list.

Let's meet the Giant Panda Huahua, the new honorary chief of Chengdu's Culture and Tourism Bureau, in China. She lives at the Chengdu Research Base of Giant Panda Breeding. Huahua's popularity has seen a rise since her birth in 2020. It is said to have improved the tourism industry in Chengdu during the May Day holiday last year, making the base where she lives the second-most popular tourist destination in all of China.

Huahua captured the world's imagination when videos of her, taken by visitors, trying to get a zookeeper to carry her, spread quickly online. The Giant Panda's popularity has peaked (达到顶峰) because of videos of her interactions with the zookeeper "Grandpa Tan". He helps Huahua train her legs by secretly giving her snacks.

According to many Chinese news reports, people queue for up to three hours just to catch a quick look at her every day. And more than 1,000 visitors line up, even before the Research Base opens at 7:30 am.

What makes Huahua so popular? "Her cute appearance and gentle temperament (性情), which has made Huahua a favourite of millions of panda lovers," the Sichuan Travel Guide explains.

38. Which is TRUE of Giant Pandas?

A. They mostly live in Chengdu

B. They are out of the endangered list.

C. They are the chief of the Research Base.

D. They are commonly found in the bear family.

39. What can be learned from paragraph 2?

A. Chengdu has opened more panda parks for tourists.

- B. Chengdu has become the top one tourist destination.
- C. Many tourists came to see Huahua during the holiday.
- D. More pandas were moved to Chengdu to attract tourists.
- 40. What attracts the fans of Huahua most?

4. Her pretty look

B. Her quick movement.

C. Her living environment.

D. Her eating habits.

41. In which section of the newspaper may this text appear?

A. Politics.

B. Sports.

C. Health.

D. Tourism.

E

Robert Adolf, a post-90s German young man, came to China after his college graduation in 2017. Since his arrival, he has been visiting many areas and presenting local cultures to the world through short videos.

During his childhood, Adolf was attracted by Chinese kung fu and clothing in Disney's 1998 animated film Mulan. But he never thought that he would work in China 19 years later.

"My friend ran a coffee shop in Changde, Hunan Province, and I was invited for a visit," said Adolf. He fell in love with Chinese steamed buns with stuffing, widely known as baozi, the first dish he tried when arriving in China. "It is so delicious!" said Adolf, who has since become known as "German Baozi;"

The young man fitted into local life in Hunan in no time. "I was curious and wanted to try everything." He tasted many Chinese dishes, including zongzi, Chinese pancakes in Shandong, and many others. As a crazy foodie, he is particularly interested in sharing his experiences via short-video Apps

Born in a very small vi lage near Munich in southern Germany, Adolf has a natural love for rural (乡村的) life. When he came to China, he went to the countryside to discover and try various delicious foods. <u>That experience</u> also gives him a chance to get to know the rich and colorful Chinese culture

Adolf's short video project began in 2021. He went deep into the rural areas of the country, recording the culture and life of the local people as it is. The short videos by "German Baozi" have received a large number of clicks (点击) online. A short video showing Miao clothing reached 19 milion viewers. Many viewers say they greatly enjoy Adolf's videos because they show the local people's true life. And they are eager to visit China to see the real life here that Adolf has seen.

- 42. What do we know about Robert Adolf?
- A. He graduated from college in 2017.
- B. He has been in China for 19 years

C. He has made 90 short videos.

- D. He came to China in 1998.
- 43. Robert Adolf is called "German Baozi" because

A. he looks like baozi

B. he runs a baozi restaurant

C. he likes baozi very much

D. he records people making baozi

44. The underlined phrase "That experience" refers to

A. his life in Changde

B. his visits to the rural areas in China.

C. his video sharing online

D. his interviews with the crazy foodies

45. Why do many people like to watch Adolf's short videos?

A. Adolf renews the videos regularly.

B. Adolf presents the videos humorously.

2. The videos show the true life of Chinese people

D. The videos teach them how to make Chinese food

第Ⅱ卷(共30分)

注意事项:

1. 必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色墨迹签字笔在答题卡上题目所指示的答题区域内作客。

2. 第Ⅱ卷共三部分, 满分30分。

第一部分补全对话(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)

阅读下列对话,从所给选项中,选出<mark>能</mark>够完成对话的最佳选<mark>项。选项中有两个多余选项。</mark>

John: Good morning, Paul

Paul: Morning, John. Why did you get up so early today?

John: 46

John:

Paul: No wonder. You are often still sleeping around this time.

<u>47</u> Paul: Yes, what's up?

John: Do you mind giving me a ride?

Paul: 48

John: I'm going to the 53rd street, around Park Avenue.

Paul: No problem. 49

John: Really? Thank you so much.

Paul: I'll go start the car first.

John: OK, see you there.

A. Here you are.

B. See you at the door.

- C. It's close to my office
- D. Can I use your car today?
- E. Are you going to drive today?
- F. Which direction are you going?
- G. I am going shopping with my friend.

第二部分 翻译 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

Part A 请将下列英语句子翻译成汉语,

- 51. A good beginning is half done. (英译汉)
- 52. Excuse me, how can I get to the museum? (英译汉)
- 53. Although he was born in England, he speaks good Chinese. (英译汉)

Part B 请根据所给汉语提示,将下列译成英语的句子补充完整。

54. 骑车太快多危险啊!

dangerous

is to ride too fast!

55. 你怎么啦?看上去不开心。

What's wrong with you? You don't

第三部分 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

- 56. 假如你是李华,昨天收到英国朋友 Lisa 的来信,询问你想从事的理想职业。请你用英语给 Lisa 回信。 内容包括:
- 1. 你的理想职业;
- 2. 选择它的理由;
- 3. 打算如何准备。

注意:

- 1. 词数 80 左右;
- 2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯,

参考词汇: 理想的 ideal

Dear Lisa,

I got your letter yesterday.

Yours,

Li Hua



溢学职教升学通

Yixue Vocational Education for Promotion